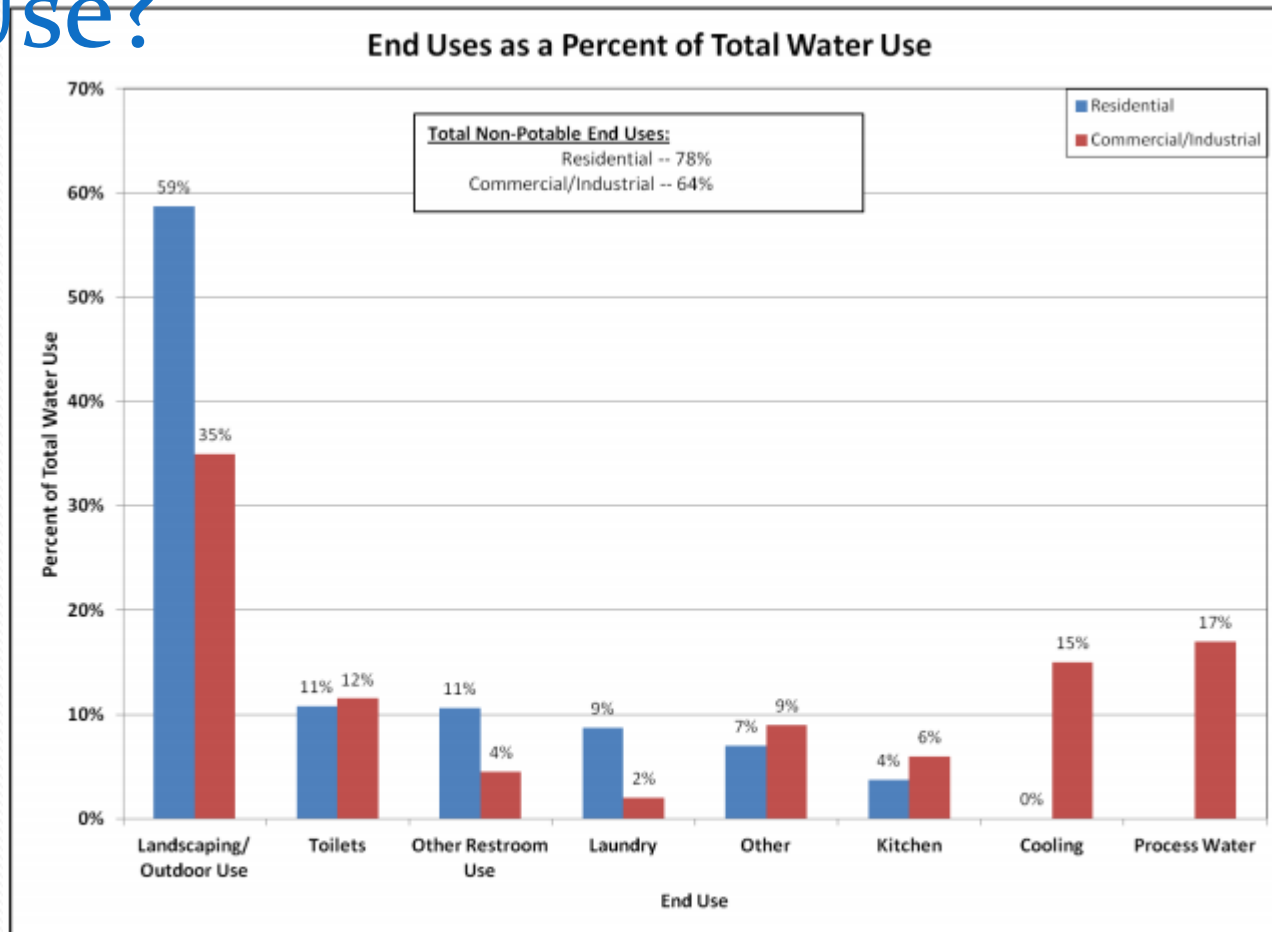


# Setting Up Your Rainwater Harvesting System

# How Much Water Do We Use?



**1 – Residential end uses based on AWWA (1999).**

**2 -- Commercial/Industrial end uses based on Pacific Institute (2003).**

# Is Your Roof Suitable?

- ❑ Not all roofs are ideal for rainwater harvesting
- ❑ Materials can contain contaminants
- ❑ Some areas have restrictions on the slope of your roof

# Pollution Concerns

Roofing Material	Pollutants of Concern	Suitable end Uses
Asphalt shingles	Lead, Mercury	Contaminants vary by product. Sample water quality prior to use.
Galvanized metal	Cadmium, Nickel, Zinc, Phosphorus	Contaminants vary by product. Sample water quality prior to use.
Green roof	Nutrients, COD	Suitable for irrigation and other non-potable end uses
Copper flashing, downspouts	Copper	Not suitable for human consumption, including drinking water, vegetable gardening, or swimming pools.
Lead flashing, solder	Lead	Not suitable for human consumption, including drinking water, vegetable gardening, or swimming pools.
Wood shingle	Copper, Arsenic, Nutrients	Not recommended for rainwater harvesting.
Cement and terra cotta tiles	Lead, Copper, Cadmium, Bacteria, Asbestos	Not recommended for rainwater harvesting.
Aluminum roofing	none	All uses
Rubber membrane	none	All uses

(EPA, 2013)

# Any roofed structure can be used to collect rainwater

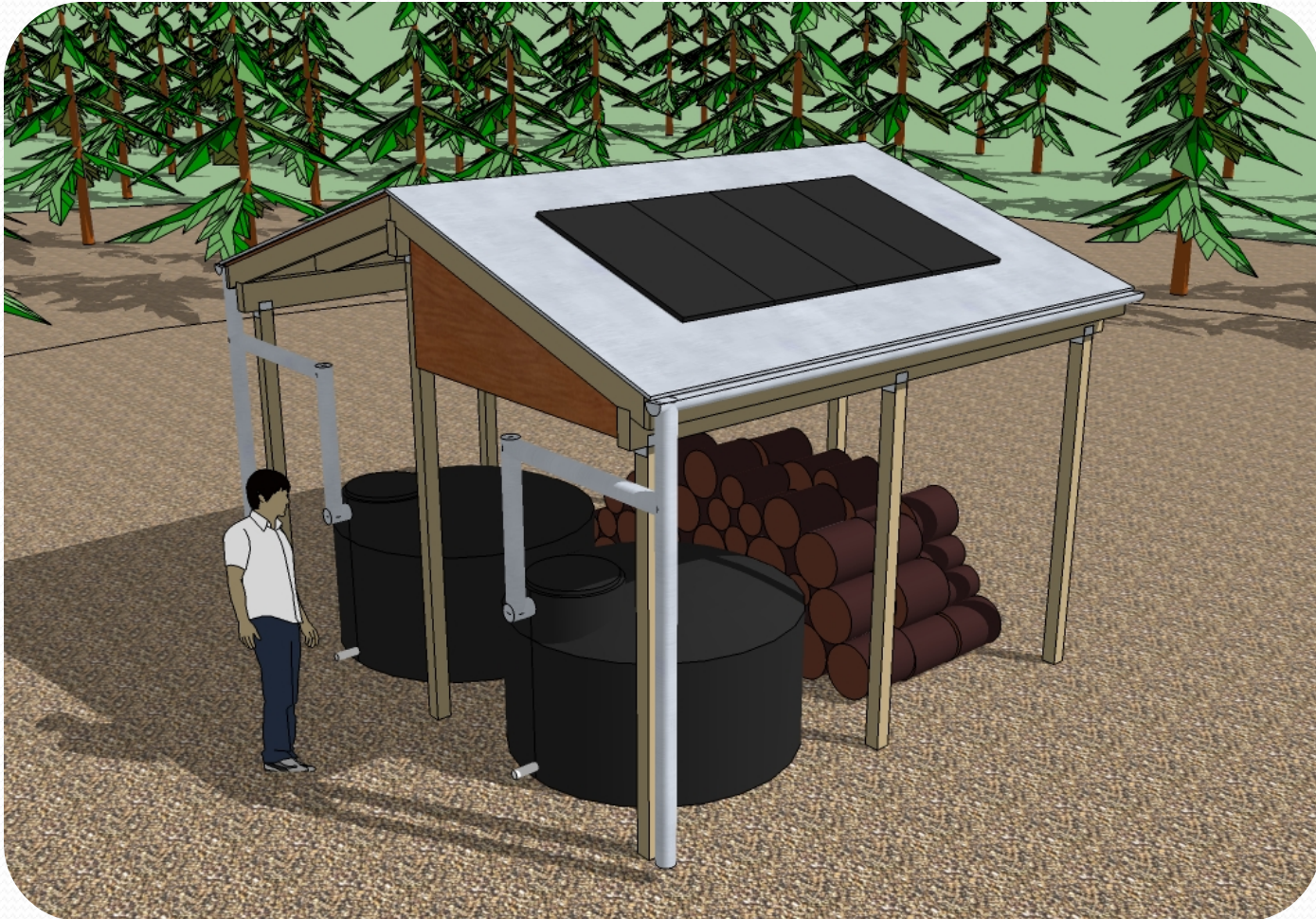


Image retrieved from <http://www.tinyhousedesign.com/how-to-make-unbuildable-land-buildable-rainwater-collection/>



# The Basic System

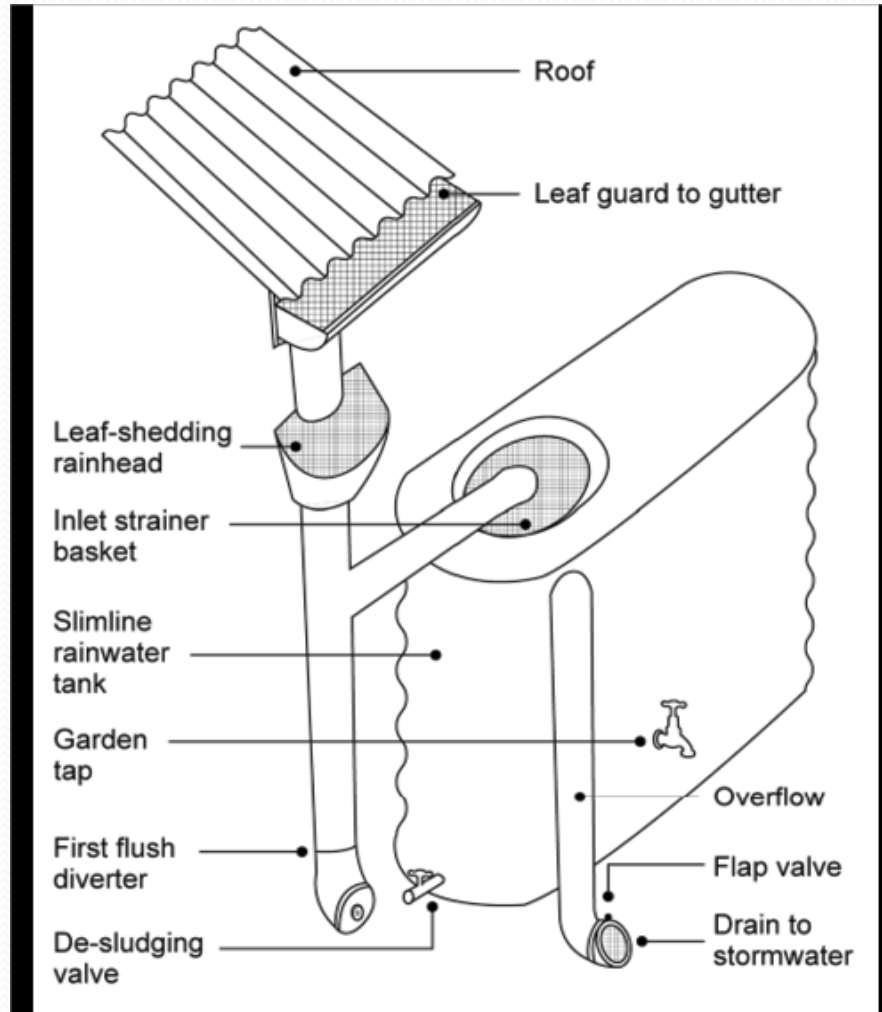


Image from <http://www.yourhome.gov.au/water/rainwater>

# Filtering Large Debris



Image retrieved from <http://www.thisiswhyimbroke.com/gutter-filter>



Image retrieved from <http://www.yourhome.gov.au/water/rainwater>

# First-Flush Diversion

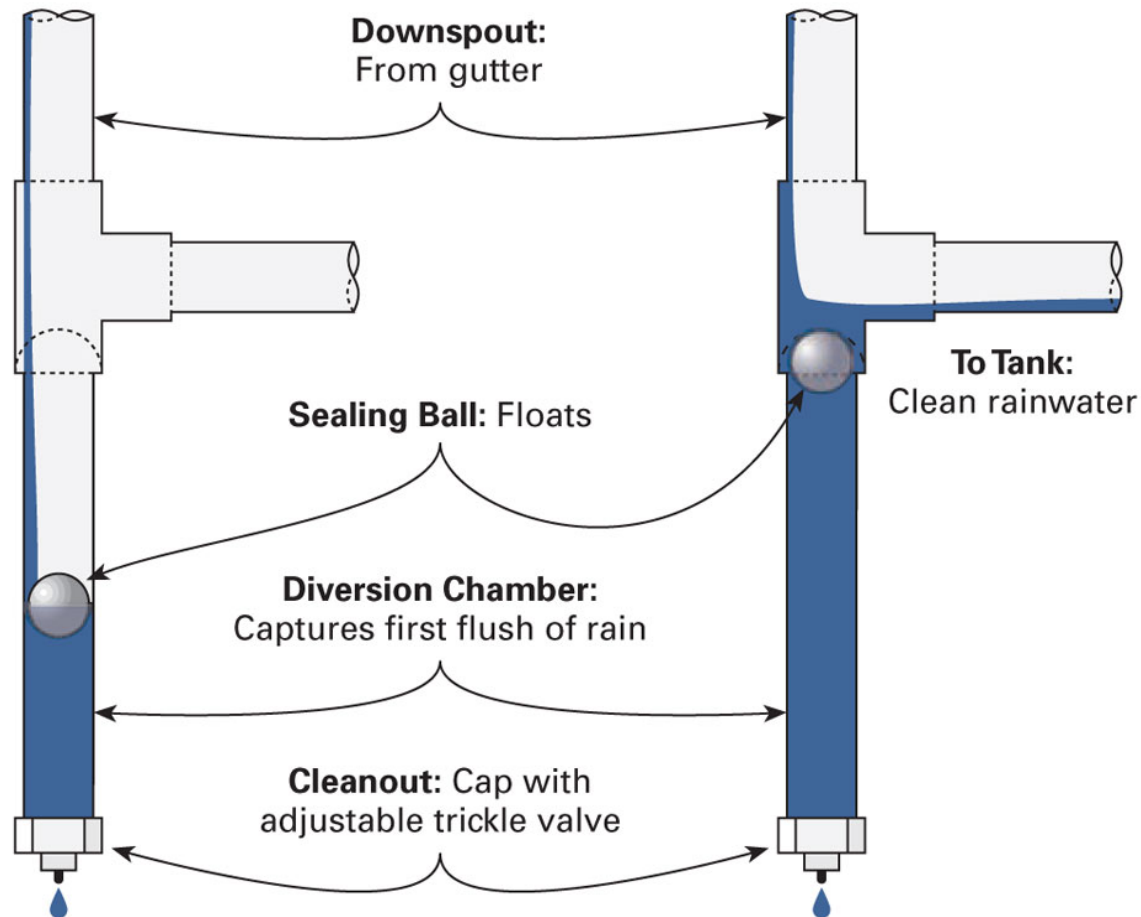
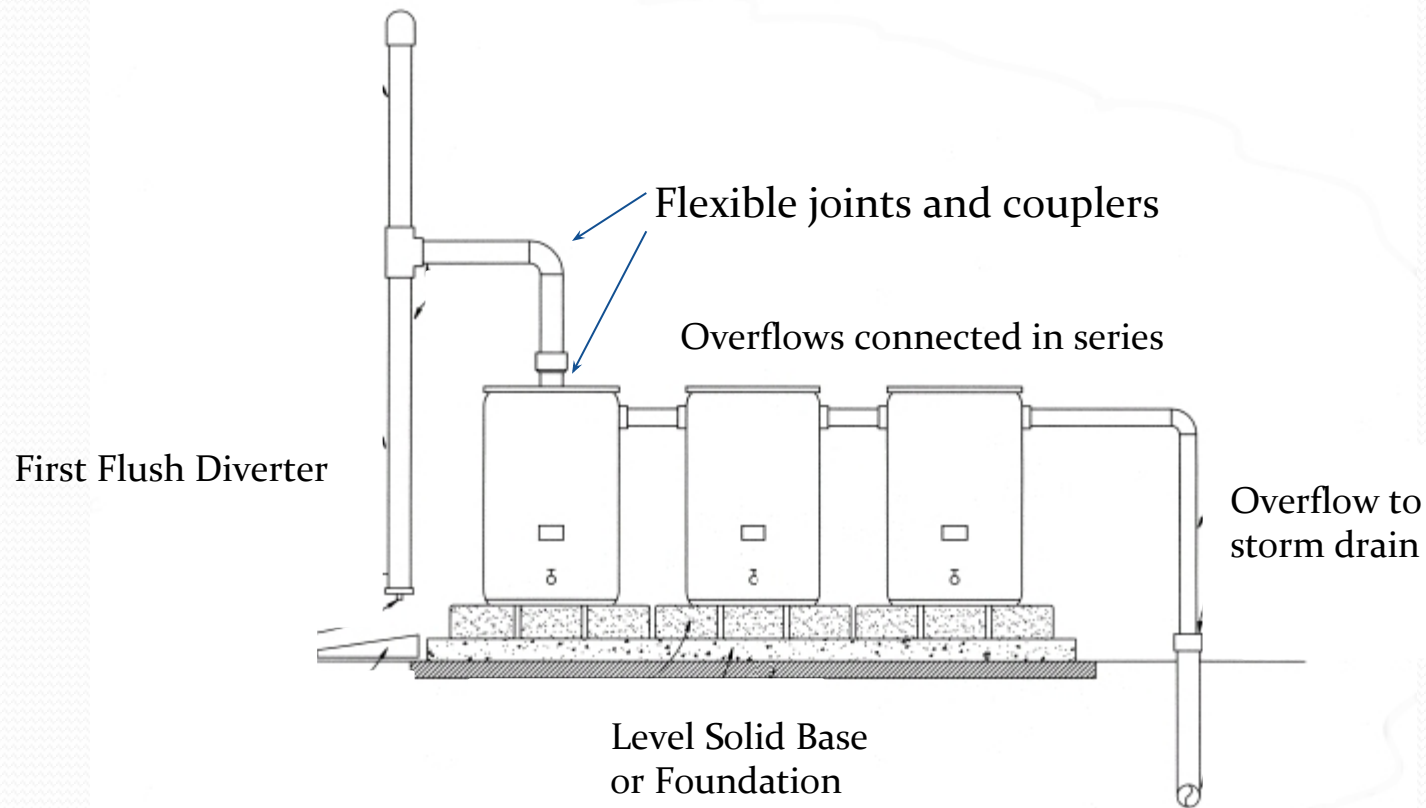


Image retrieved from <http://www.homepower.com/articles/home-efficiency/equipment-products/catching-cloudburst>



# Simple Rainwater Harvesting System: Barrels



# Other Water Storage Options





# Visually Pleasing Designs



# How to Get Water Pressure

- Gravity Fed: The higher the tank, the more water pressure at the tap
- Water Pump: Either Submersible or Freestanding
- The hybrid: A header tank and a low powered pump

# Integrating Into Your Home

- If using rainwater for toilet flushing or washing clothes, no additional filtering required
- For all other uses, additional filtering is required
- For drinking water, filtering and treatment is required
- If integrated into existing plumbing, a reduced-pressure principle backflow preventer is required



# Filtering for Inside the Home

- First filter: Five micron or less fiber cartridge filter
  - Removes particulate
- Second filter: Three micron or less activated charcoal
  - Removes very fine particles
  - Improves taste
- Final Treatment: Either chemical injection, ozone generator, or UV light
  - Disinfects water to be safe for drinking
  - UV light preferred for best taste

# Maintenance of Your System

## Monthly:

- Check screens and leaf shedding rain head

- Check and clean first flush diverter

## Annually:

- Check roofs and gutters and remove debris

- Check filters annually and replace if necessary

- Remove overhanging vegetation where possible

## 3-5 Years:

- Desludge your tank



Video link