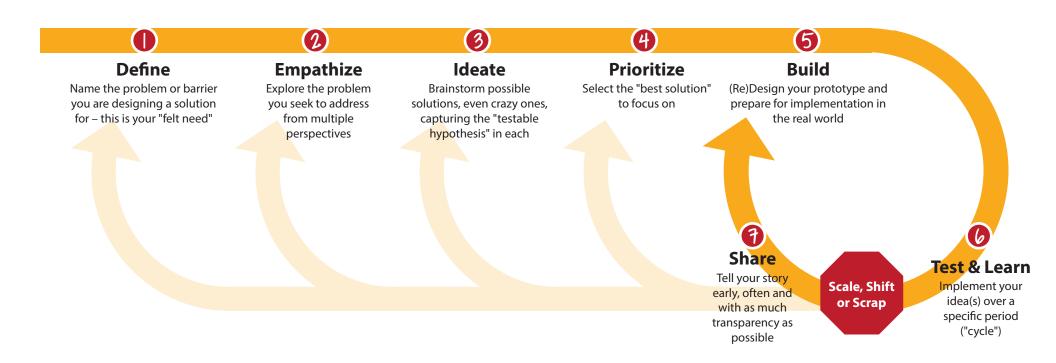
# DESIGNICA for Control of the contro

# what's this all about?

"At 2Revolutions, we rely on short-cycle prototyping to solve complex problems. This methodology can help you define, empathize, ideate, prioritize, build, test and learn, and share – all with a mindset toward continually refining your solution(s) based on what you learn.







## Step 1: Define Problem 5 minutes as a team

What barrier do you need to overcome in order to move toward?	Is your barrier specific enough?
Describe this barrier. What's it all about? Why is it important to your team?	Capture your revised statement of the barrier.



### Step 2: Empathize

### 15 minutes with a partner from another team

Designing an effective prototype requires that you spend time exploring your problem (barrier) further – both to see it from other perspectives and to better understand your own point of view. In the section, you and your partner will take turns interviewing one another to explore the barrier that each of your teams has prioritized.



Interview: Partner A 7-8 minutes

1. Please briefly describe the problem (barrier) that your team is focusing on. 1 min

2. Why is addressing this barrier core to enabling

5 min [Note: Partner B should ask "Why?" at least five times to help Partner A get to the root of the problem (barrier).]

3. Partner B share his/her thoughts on the importance of this problem (barrier). 2 min

Switch



Interview: Partner B

7-8 minutes

1. Please briefly describe the problem (barrier) that your team is focusing on. 1 min

2. Why is addressing this barrier core to enabling

5 min [Note: Partner A should ask "Why?" at least five times to help Partner B get to the root of the problem (barrier).]

3. Partner A share his/her thoughts on the importance of this problem (barrier). 2 min



ier you want to address.					
Revised Problem (Barrier) ! Has it changed based on you	Statement. or conversation with your partner?		ach idea as an innovation in ture ( <b>S</b> ), Technology ( <b>T</b> ), Practice ( <b>P</b> )		
	, i	<b>(</b>	<b>Structural Innovations:</b> Shifting some core struwithin a school (i.e. time, talent, learning environ		
		0	<b>Technology tool innovations:</b> Leveraging tech students, teachers or both		
No self-editing! In other word	s many as possible!) potential solutions. s, don't worry if some ideas are silly or unrealistic – ty is what matters – just get your ideas down on the page.	#	<b>Practice innovations:</b> New and different model educator practice		
Solution	Why/How It Addresses Problem (Barrier)		Innovation Type		
Soldtion	*		71		
Solution					



What's the "best" solution? It's hard to so often it's helpful to consider:  Boldness/Impact: Is this idea big enough to Degree of difficulty: Can we actually pull this Resource needs: Does this idea require a little Resource needs: Does this idea require needs: Does this idea requ
For the selected approach, try to articulate one or more clear hypotheses that you want to <b>test in practice</b> .  E.g., if we do X, we think Y will happen, which will enable Z outcomes/opportunities for students.



Ste	ep 5: Build	20 minutes as a team
No	ow it's time to build your prototy	ype, so it's ready to test in the real world!
0	Why Problem statement What's your hypothesis?	
2	Who Is involved? Is Impacted?	
3	What Is the work?	
4	When Will it happen? Will you know that you've been successful?	
5	Where Will the work happen?	
6	How Will you do it? Will you engage other partn Will you engage outside stal	
7	How much Resource do you need? (time, money, support, etc.)	



### Step 6: Test 4 Learn 10 minutes as a team

For tonight's exercise, we will not spend much time on this part of process, but this is the fun part – it's where the rubber hits the road and you get to see if your ideas work! To give you just a taste, we invite you to talk through these high-level questions.

of the cycle, list three questions you will ask you u know whether to " <b>Scale, Shift or Scrap</b> "?	selves to help determine whe	ether or not your prototype was succe
will you collect along the way to help ensure the chis data come from? Who will collect and analy		s to the above questions?



Step 7: Share 10 minutes with a partner from another team

Stakeholder engagement, storytelling and transparent sharing – before, during and after implementation of prototypes – are all essential parts of the innovation and change management process. Everyone needs to be able to tell your story! So...we're going to give each of you an opportunity to practice!

- With a partner from another team, take turns briefly describing your team's prototype design. Your "story" should touch on the barrier you were working to overcome, your proposed solution including testable hypothesis, and some detail regarding how you expect it to work. Partner A should describe his/her team's idea in less than 2 minutes, with the remaining time available to respond to questions from Partner B.
- 2 Switch partners. 5 min



# Thank you for participating!